PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

By John I. Scull. FRIDAY, *February* 6, 1818. Volume 33.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
Corner of Front and Ferry streets.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insersions, and twenty five cents for each continuance.

WILLIAM HILL,

Will receive at par the paper of the following
BANKS, for MERCHANDIZE,
WOOSTER,
CANTON,
CLEAVELAND,
SMITHFIELD,
NEW-PHILADELPHIA,
PERRYOPOLIS,
CONNELLSVILLE,
WILKESBARRE.

Pittsburgh, December 10, 1817.

LIVERY STABLE.

(Wood street, between Diamond alley & Fifth-st)

George Steward,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, that he has opened a *Livery Stable*, where he intends to carry it on in a manner calculated to do justice to himself and accommodate all others who may please to give him a call, having altered his stable expressly for the purpose, which is inferior to none in the place. He also intends to keep good riding horses to hire—calculated for journeys of any length. Having procured careful managers to superintend the business, he will be enabled to give general satisfaction.

Good saddles and bridles in every case shall be furnished, necessary for the comfort of the rider—when thus caparisoned it is presumed that justice will be done to horses, so justly their due.

Terms of hire and other affairs relative to the establishment, made known at the time of hiring.

He has also laid in an excellent quantity of oats and hay, and feed of every description.

Gentlemen committing horses to his care, may rest assured of unremitting attention in every particular.

Pittsburgh, November 28, 1817——2atf

Was Found

LAST week, in Liberty street, a bundle containing a few yards of Silk, and some other articles The owner, by applying to David Evans corner of Liberty and Fourth streets and defraying the expence of advertising, will be put in possession of the Goods.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818.——3

Wanted to Purchase,

500 bbls. Flour
500 do. Whiskey

For Sale,

52 barrels Lump Sugar and Coffee,
40 bales Cotton,
200 kegs Kentucky Tobacco.

Enquire of
WM. ROBINSON, Jr.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818——2atf

Notice.

IF Mr. WRIGHT SMITH will call at the warehouse of the sucscribers he will hear something that he may deem advantageous to him.

IRWIN & HENRY WALLACE.

Pittsburgh January 30, 1818.——3

Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker.

HUGH RICE just from Baltimore, has removed to the shop formerly occupied by John Patterson, watchmaker, second door from Wood-street, in Diamond-alley, between Market and Wood streets, where he keeps on hand a handsome selection of

BOOTS & SHOES

of all sizes, made of the best materials and elegance of workmanship. Warranted water proof, boots and shoes made to measure, all orders in his line thankfully received and strictly attended to.

N. B, He will repair without reserve all boots and shoes which may be sent to him.

Two first rate workmen wanted immediately as above, to such, constant employment and prompt pay.

HUGH RICE.

Pittsburgh, December 30. 1817.

ON HAND.

AT THE PITTSBURGH STEAM-MILL,
A good stock of

FRESH FLOUR,

By the barrel. Waggoners, Bakers, and Retailers can be supplied low for cash,
Flour by the hundred—Corn meal—Middlings—Shipstuff—Bran Chopt-rye—Cow-feed.

January 16, 1818.

50,000 Dollars.

GRAND STATE LOTTERY,

SPLENDID SCHEME.

100 PRIZES	of $1,000 is		100,000
1	ditto	50,000	50,000
1	ditto	20,000	20000
1	ditto	10,000	10000
3	ditto	5,000	15,000
30	ditto	500	15,000
100	ditto	100	10,000
5000	ditto	25	125,000
5236 Prizes, 9764 Blanks.			$345,000

Only 15,000 Tickets.

TO BE DRAWN IN MARCH NEXT

PRIZES

PAYABLE IN CASH AT THE

Bank of the United States.

The lowest prizes are 25 Dollars—the highest prize,

$50,000

And 100 prizes of 1,000 Dollars, equal to 100,000 Dollars.

LESS THAN TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE.

Owing to the extreme brilliancy of the Scheme and the great demand for tickets, the price has already advanced to $26, and will continue to advance rapidly.—On Monday the 26th inst they will raise to $28, and on Tuesday the 10th of February, to $30!

Whole Tickets	$26, 00	Quarters	$6, 50
Halves	13, 00	Eighths	3 25

FOR SALE AT

J. TOWNE'S

Lottery and Exchange Office,

Corner of Third and Wood streets,
PITTSBURGH.

Prize Tickets in all the Lotteries received in payment.

Orders (post paid) enclosing the Cash, from any part of the Western country promptly attended to, and all Lottery information given gratis.

BALTIMORE

Medical College Lottery,

Third Class.

GRAND SCHEME.

1 PRIZE	of $30,000	is	30,000 DOLLARS
2	20,000		20,000
	10,000		20,000
3	5,000		15,000
10	1,000		10,000
15	500		7,500
100	100		10,000
200	50		10,000
625	20		12,500
7500	12		90,000
8457 Prizes, 16543 Blanks,			225,000 DOLLARS.

NOT TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE.

Whole Tickets	$10,	Quarters	$2, 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1, 25

Orders for Tickets in the above Scheme, received at

J. TOWNE'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

January 20th 1818——2stf

FOR SALE

BY

Armstrong & Ewing,

AT THEIR
WHOLESALE GROCERY STORE
Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin } Teas of the first quality & latest importations.
First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, lump, and brown Sugar.
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo.
Madder, Copperas, Allum,
Race & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon.
Box Raisins, best muscatell.

Keg do. Brimstone
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco.
Figs in Drums.
Best Sallad Oil.
Fresh Lemons.
Soft shel'd Almonds.
Mustard, Starch,
Sugar Candy, Rice, &

L. p. Madeira, do. Teneriffe, Sherry, & Port } Wines of first quality.

Cog. Brandy, 4th proof.
Jamaica Spirits, do.
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles in the above line, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash or approved acceptances

HATTERS FUR.

G. T. Beyer & Co.

Wood, Between Third and Fourth streets

Have just received an invoice of
HATTERS' FUR,
Among which are the following—
Grey carroted and best Grey, raw Coney wool,
Ditto Black, Blue and White best Russia Hare's Fur.

Which they offer for sale, either for cash or approved country paper, on the most liberal terms.

Pittsbg. August 29, 1817

TO LET,

The Valuable Ferry & Tavern,

ON the Allegheny river in this city, now in the tenure of Mr John Davis.—Possession given on the first of April next.

For terms apply to
W. ROBINSON or
IRWIN WALLACE

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1818.——

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE out lot in the town of Allegheny No. 230, bounded by an alley ad by lots Nos. 213, 229 & 231—containing TEN acres and situate within a few perches of the Beaver road, with which it communicates by said alley—There is an excellent spring, rising within the lot, and a small handsome stream running through it.

The advantages attendant on this lot are such as to recommend it to the attention of persons disposed to purchase property in the vicinity of Pittsburgh.

For terms apply to James M. Riddle, conveyancer, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber at Wilkinsburgh.

WILLIAM WALLACE.

September 19. 1817

Dr. Agnew.

THE subscriber tenders to the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, his services in the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery.

JAMES AGNEW, M D.
Corner of 4th street and Chancery lane.

December 16 ——3tp

INDIA AND DOMESTIC MUSLINS.

Ormsby and Doane

Have Just Received and Offer For Sale,
BY THE BALE OR PIECE,
2 bales India Muslins, (Chowdigrys and Baftas,)
2 bales Domestic Grey Shirting, 4-4,
ALSO,
A few boxes Boston Axes.

Pittsburgh, November 12 1817.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum

WAS dissolved by mutual consent of the 23d of April, 1817. The accounts of the partnership will be settled by Cramer & Spear.

E. CRAMER.
JOHN SPEAR,
WM. EICHBAUM,

Pittsburgh, July 11th, 1817

SHAW AND BOURKE, House & Sign Painters and Glaziers.

ARCHIBALD SHAW

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has associated with John Bourke in the House and Sign Painting & Glazing, at the corner of Wood and Fourth Streets where they will strictly attend to any orders they may be favoured with, and engage to execute every thing in their line, in the neatest and best style and on the most reasonable terms

JOHN RENO

Has just received a large assortment of

Groceries and Liquors

which he will sell at a moderate rate for *Cash or approved Acceptance*

Pittsburgh, December 23. 1817.

Stray.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber about the first of October last, a SORREL HORSE, about seventeen years old, fourteen and a half hands high, a star in his forehead, both hind feet white, some harness marks, and is a natural trotter. The owner is requested to come prove property and pay the expences or he will be sold for them.

THOMAS CHALFANT,

Turtle creek, twelve miles from Pittsburgh.

February 3, 1818——3

Bean and Butler,

Have just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a large supply of

GROCERIES,

BLISTERED STEEL,
SHOVELS & SPADES,
GRASS SCYTHES, &c.

Which will be sold on accomodating terms.

Pittsburgh, January 27, 1818 —— Xt

Foster and Doane,

—HAVE FOR SALE,
47 bbls. Lake white Fish,
12 ditto Mess Pork,
60 kegs excellent Kentucky Tobacco,
Half and quarter casks L. P. Tenneriffe WINE,
Barrels New Orleans Sugar,
Ditto Loaf-sugar and Coffee,
Ditto Tanners Oil,
Chests Young Hyson Tea,
Kegs Pepper, Allspice, Indigo, and Copperas
Boxes double and X Tin,
15 Dozen Children's Morrocco Hats.
An Invoice of Awl-Blades,

—Also—

Rosin Soap—Lead—Drawing-chains—Window-Glass, etc.

TO BE LET,

The WAREHOUSE they now occupy, in Wood street, having every convenience for the storage of goods,

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

By John I. Scull. No. 55.

Friday, February 6, 1818.

ENLARGEMENT.

We have contemplated publishing the Gazette upon paper of *super royal* size, with type entirely new, on an improved press, and, as heretofore, twice a week, if the plan should meet the approbation of the generality of our patrons. This would require the subscription price to be encreased from three to *four* dollars per annum, and that to be in all cases paid in advance.—The habits of the people and the circumstances of the times make it impossible to conduct a paper here, even with a large establishment, unless we determine to set out with a rigid adherence to this rule. With regard to the proposed enlargement, we shall give our subscribers time to consider and communicate their opinions upon the measure. If, before the first of June next, we find a sufficient number in favour of the plan, we shall then commence publishing a paper of the size and upon the terms which we have mentioned; at all events the above regulation in regard to payment must be adopted.

Our advertising custom, though necessary for our support, is already too great for our limits; and is daily encroaching upon that portion of our paper which we would wish to devote to useful and interesting matter. Pieces of any considerable length, though generally the most valuable, are excluded of course; and presently, with a paper of this size, we would be compelled to give only the most slight notices of the most important affairs. In a paper of super royal size, we could give at least twice as much general matter as we insert in this. We believe that the generality of our subscribers are too well aware of the incalculable value of their newspapers, as the common medium for the communication of universal knowledge, and the *sine qua non* of every politician and man of business for them to disapprove the plan and the improvement we have suggested.

Foreign Articles.

[*From the London Morning Chronicle, Dec. 3.*]

There is now no doubt but that the late Cabinet Councils were assembled to consider of the hostile Note presented by the Prussian Minister to the French Government—and which has been notified in due form to our secretary for the foreign department. The subject engrosses the attention all political men, as it may again involve ope in war. On the occasion of the Note presented to the French Court ron de Goltz, the Russian Minister most conciliatory language; and at France must not be overwhelmed ands so exorbitant. The claims for ations under different heads, by all the owers, were no less than about sixty sterling. The answer to this was, r inability of France to make good h sum. By the moderation and in- of England, Austria, and Russia, it that it was agreed that the Allies ld undertake to settle all the claims for en millions—and that the French Minister offered eight, which were refused; but it is thought that the end of the negociation would have been a compromise for twelve millions sterling, if this angry remonstrance had not been presented by the Prussian Minister, on the passage in the king's speech announcing the increase of his army, and the reply of the Chamber promising funds to carry his majesty's patriotic views into effect. It is possible that the Note may have the secret support of Russia; for the arch politicians of the north may not be pleased to see a great national army created in France, which the political conduct of St. Cyrr, the new minister at war, is calculated speedily to produce. His levees are crowded with the retired half pay officers, who are so eager for employment, that they would all exert themselves to recruit men in their several districts, so that an army of veterans might be embodied in a few months. But on the other side, if Russia shall join England and Austria in opposing this official complaint, and shall only demand that until the allied forces are to be withdrawn, no great augmentation of the French army shall take place, then it will be said, that the angry Note was presented by M. de Goltz on the first promulgation of the king's speech, without instructions to that effect from his Court. From the continued silence observed on this momentous affair, we are inclined to believe that this is likely to be the result.

The British government has contracted with the emperor of Austria for 300.000 loads of timber from the forests of Croatia and Dalmatia, for the use of the navy, to be received in part payment for the Austrian debt. It is said to be some of the finest naval timber in the world, and a contract has been made with two merchants for the conveyance of it from Trieste and the Dalmatian ports to England.

It is said that the Duke of York is about to resign the office of Commander in Chief. A Liverpool paper of the 8th of December, in noticing this report, says, "There certainly has been considerable discussion on the topic, indeed it could not be avoided. The Duke of York having once concurred in judgment with the King, that the person holding the high rank of Heir Apparent ought not to command the army; some persons think he will be puzzled to escape under the distinction between *apparent* and *presumptive*.

Muscular Strength.

Nothing is more common in England than trials of muscular strength, speed and bottom of their men as well as horses. The walking and running matches are well known; the last exhibition of the kind we have seen was a feat of one *Warnell*, who ran three miles in sixteen minutes and twelve seconds—going a mile in five minutes and twenty four seconds. These feats appear to many to be gross if not brutal; they excite to muscular energy and activity, which have been useful in national emergencies. Prior to the battle of Waterloo, the British army, taken by surprize, had forced marches to make and fatigues to undergo, which nothing but the exertion of the physical strength of which the human frame is capable could have been performed. We have indubitable evidence of the most astonishing feats of the kind, in whole corps and individuals. It has been proved that Taylor, a sergeant of the British dragoon guards, and a famous single stick (cudgel) player, killed three of the French curraisseurs in that battle by the exertion of his great strength and skill; and that corporal Shaw, of another English corps, was encountered by six of the imperial guard, and by his muscular force killed four of them before he was despatched by the fifth.

From the National Advocate, Jan. 24.

The new Dey of Algiers has adoped an admirable mode, novel and somewhat extraordinary, for remedying the effects of the plague now ravaging that fine country. He has calculated, with all that gravity for which musselmen are remarkable, that disease and death can only be opposed by increasing population in an equal ratio—by which evil effects will be balanced, and the state, in the end, receive no injury. Accordingly he has ordered all bachelors over the age of 20 to be conducted to the public square, and then and there be *bastinadoed* until they acquire a relish for matrimony. This is a singular tax on batchelors; and if the regimen is daily repeated we take it for granted that the old maids in the regency will shortly be supplied with husbands. As this may be considered a species of *conscription* perfectly *constitutional* in Turkey, and if a man has no soft or tender passions, and is, in no manner, a disciple of Ovid, Johannes Secundus, or Petrarch, the devil's in it if a good bastinadoing will not arouse feeling of some kind. It is however, strange to contemplate the adoption of new measures in a government where custom is the common law, and where no innovation is permitted,—It is well known that polygamy, which is permitted by the Musselmen code, is, by no means, favourable to population; but the early marriages are likewise a powerful obstacle. It is no uncommon occurrence for a boy of fourteen and a girl of twelve years marrying among Mahometans. I recollect perfectly well an old Turk called Pfraud, who was in the habit of furnishing the American vessels with provisions, etc. Pfraud spoke English perfectly well, and when he got on the deck of an American ship he felt all his veneration to the cod e of Mahomet dwindle away, and drank wine and brandy in copious libations, the alcoran to the contrary notwithstanding. Pfraud, in one of his merry moods, told me he was going to marry his son, a boy of 16, and that the procession would pass my door on a certain day, and I took occasion to watch for it. Instead, however, of being in the narrow streets, the calvalcade passed without the walls; and this was the first matrimonial procession I had ever witnessed in that country. Two black slaves carried on their heads a dish of kuskisu, (an Arabic dish) handsomely ornamented and covered with colored silk handkerchiefs; two other slaves bore a large square wooden chest, painted with lively colours, and containing brides dresses and clothing for a present.—The bride herself was seated on a camel, whose ears, tail and long neck were decorated with various colored ribbons, but she was enclosed in a large balloon of silk or species of cage, that, with all my efforts, I could not get a peep at her; a few wind instruments in the shape of flagelets, together with a dull tambourine, constituted a wretched band of music; a motley assemblage of boys, camel drivers, &c. filled up the procession, which went to the house of the bridegroom; and the whole night the firing of muskets and noisy revels of guests displayed the sum and measure of a Turkish marriage.

Turkish girls who are engaged in marriage, are generally kept close, and are fattened for the purpose, corpulency being considered a mark of beauty; and for this purpose they are fed with nutritious food and quantities of oil. The silver cinctures that they wear on their ankles are filled gradually, by increasing in flesh, and they are not unfrequently reported fit to marry, as we would pronounce a fat sheep for slaughter. They stain the palms of their hands and nails with the juice of an herb called benna, which produces a brown or dingy tint, they likewise colour their eye brows and the inside of their eyelids with lead ore. Thus corpulent and coloured, it may be questionable whether the bastinadoing, ordered by the Dey of Algiers, might not be necessary to enforce an attachment that personal attractions, could they be seen, would fail to produce.

GIBBON.

Died on the 16th of January, 1794. "It was on the day, or rather night, of the 27th of June, 1787, between the hours of eleven and twelve that I wrote the last lines of the last page* in a summer house in my garden. After laying down my pen, I took several turns in a *berceau*, or a covered walk of acacias, which commands a prospect of the country, the lake, and the mountains. The air was temperate, the sky was serene, the silver orb of the moon was reflected from the waters, and all nature was silent.

I will not dissemble the first emotions of joy on the recovery of my freedom, and, perhaps, the establishment of my fame. But my pride was soon humbled, and a sober melancholy was spread over my mind by the idea that I had taken an everlasting leave of an old and agreeable companion, and that, whatsoever might be the future fate of my History, the life of the historian might be short and precarious. I will add two facts which have seldom occurred in the composition of six, or, at least, five quarto volumes. 1. My rough MS. without any intermediate copy, has been sent to press. 2. Not a sheet has been seen by any human eyes, excepting those of the author and of the printer; the faults and merits are exclusively my own.

[*Gibbon's Common Place Book.*

*Of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire.

[From the Reporter.]

Guess Work.—When I see a young man often at a tavern, regaling himself on the *ale bench*, I guess by the time he is forty-five he will be seen under the same seat, the scoff of boys, and a companion for none but the worshippers of Bacchus. Look out girls—When I see a youug man with a violin under his coat, I guess he is a fiddling fellow, and has robbed those of a darker hue of their trade. Don't marry a fiddler, young lady! When I see a young man with a pack of cards in his pocket, and will not work for his living, I guess before he has finished his game of life he will be called a pauper. Young lady, be cautious of gamblers!—When I see a girl stand one fourth of her time at a glass, twisting her hair into rings, which they term 'beau-catchers,' I guess the beau she catches will find himself caught in an evil net. When I often see a girl travelling the streets, I guess she does not love the word *work*—When I see a young girl trying tricks, I guess she wants to get married; but I guess ten to one if she is not obliged to spend the dreary life of an *old maid*.—When I hear girls telling compliments to each other from other persons, I guess one half they tell are falsehoods: I further guess they had better mend the holes in the heels of their stockings, &c. A word to the wise is enough, says the sage Franklin in his "way to wealth."

I am yet contented to live an
OLD BACHELOR.

THE UNDERSIGNED

Have this day entered into co-partnership, for the purpose of transacting

Business on Commission,

In this city, under the firm of
JACKSON & REYNOLDS.
ALEX. JACKSON.
JAMES M. REYNOLDS.
New-Orleans, Nov. 20 1818 ——JRtf1

50 Boxes Y. H. Tea,

22 Anvils
12 Vices
Just received, AND FOR SALE by
C. LATSHAW.
Pittsburgh, Janv. 6th. 1818. ——3w.

A STRAY.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber in Pitt township, Allegheny county, about one mile south of Lawrenceville, a SORREL MARE, about 12 or 14 years old and shod before The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOHN WALTER.
January 6, 1818.

Seasonable Goods.

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

[Market, between Third & Fourth streets]

HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR STORE, A VERY EXTENSIVE & EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS, &c.

partly consisting of the following viz.

Shepherd's & Austin's Super. Cloths and Cassimeres,
French & English do do
Petisse Cloth,
Velveteens and Cords,
Stockinett,
Swansdown,
Rose, point, and Duffil Blankets,
Ticking and Checks.
Chintz Furniture calicoes.
Domestic Plaids & Muslins.
India muslins,
Rattinetts & Bombazetts
Cambric, Lawn, and Irish Linen,
Russia and Irish Diaper.
Thread, cotton, and silk laces,
Silk worsted and cotton Hose,
Merino shawls & Hkfs.
Merino and plush trimming.
White Ermine,
Misses and Children's Beavers.
Reticule clasps,
Canton Crapes,
Levantine and Florence Silks,
India silks and plaids,
Ostrich Feathers,
8-4, & 9-4 Diaper Damask,
Cotton Damask Table cloths,
Furniture and Cambric Dimity,
Turkey red Yarn,
MARSEILLES QUILTS
AND
COUNTERPANES,
SILK AND COTTON UMBRELLAS, AND PARASOLS,
Ladies coloured and Black Kid and Morrocco SHOES.
Gentlemen's Patent peg'd Boots and Shoes.
A good assortment of Tea Trays

Ingrain and Venetian Carpeting,

SUPERFINE

Wilton Hearth Rugs,

Sugar and Coffee,
Gunpowder and Young Hyson Teas,
10 Kegs Scotch Herring,
20 KEGS KENTUCKY TOBACCO,

Crude & Refined Salt-petre,

By the quantity,
15 boxes bloom and Muscatel Raisins,
Room Paper and bordering,
Looking-Glasses of all sizes
Madeira, L. P. Tenneriffe, Port. } WINES, best quality,
Jamaica Rum & Holland Gin,

—ALSO—

A few Crates well assorted

Queens-ware,

at a small advance

The above Goods being selected by their partners Messrs. *John & Isaac Lea* of *Philadelphia* enables them to dispose of them on the *best* terms for CASH, *approved notes*, or *country produce only*.

Wholesale Merchants will find it to their advantage to call.

Pittsburgh, December 30, 1817 ——2awtf

FOR SALE BY

M'Dermott & Bartram,

In Market, between Second and Third streets
PITTSBURGH.

150 bbls. prime green Coffee
100 bags ditto ditto
5 Hhds. do do
110 small boxes Young Hyson Tea
10 quarter boxes ditto
20 small boxes Imperial ditto
15 ditto Hyson ditto
5 qr. chests Hyson Skin ditto
60 bbls Muscovado Sugar
15 bbls. Sugar house Molasses
12 bbls West India do.
20 kegs English Mustard
15 kegs Ginger,
20 boxes Spermaceti Candles
15 boxes wax ditto
30 boxes Muscatel & Bloom Raisins
10 boxes Prunes
5 bbls soft shell'd Almonds
2 half pipes Madeira Wine
30 quarter casks Teneriffe ditto
20 ditto Sherry ditto
15 qr. casks old Port Wine
600 groce velvet Corks
20 bbls 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
10 bbls Cogniac Brandy
15 bbls Holland Gin.
1 cask first quality Lime Juice
15 bbls Madder.
10 bbls Camwood,
5 tons Campeachy Logwood
3 tons Fustic
4 tons Nicaragua Wood
10 bbls Allum
15 bbls Glue
20 bbls Rosin
20 kegs English refined Salt-Petre
10 boxes Brimstone
10 bbls white Chalk
5 bbls red ditto
10 bbls foreign Copperas
5 bbls Glauber Salts
10 Groce Ink powder
60 bbls Junip. Berries
10 doz. Shovels and Spades
700 wt. Codfish
20 bbls white Lake Fish
Pepper & Allspice
Nutmegs
Bengal and Spanish Indigo

10,000 lbs. Loaf & Lump Sugar.

20,000 SPANISH SEGARS
in whole, half and quarter boxes
Purviances' Genuine Rough and Glazed POWDER.

Juniata Bar & Roll'd Iron,

Pittsburgh and Kentucky Tobacco

All which will be sold on low and accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818.——3m2aw

Barker & Davis,

REQUEST all those indebted to them by either Bond Note or Book account, to call and settle their respective ballances on or before the first day of March next, as no longer indulgence can be given.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 30, 1818.——4t1aw.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1818.

The bill passed by the two Houses of Congress, fixing the pay of members at eight dollars per diem, was approved by the President on the 22d ult. and is therefore now a law.

By a census of the inhabitants of Georgia taken in compliance with a requisition of the constitution of that state, in 1817, the population is stated as follows. Whites 175,981, Blacks 133,459, total 309,440.—The census of 1810 gave 252,433, of whom 108,820 were blacks—increase in seven years 57,007—increase of blacks 24,639.

IMPORTANT.

Extract of a letter from a person of the highest respectability in London, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated December 5th, 1817.

The British Government has at length agreed at the request of the Allied Powers of Europe, to become the mediator between Spain and her colonies.

From the Georgia Journal, January 27.

INDIAN WAR.—By the southern mail, we learn that a friendly Indian chief, Wm. Perryman, is supposed to have fallen in a late attack, and that his party had joined the enemy. A murder had been committed at Trader's Hill, by hostile Indians. The militia are rendezvousing at Hartford, Geo. General Glascock's brigade will not be able to join the main body at Fort Scott before the 24th inst. from bad roads. Gen. Gaines has requested an additional force of four battalions of militia and four companies of riflemen by February 1st, for a three month's tour.

Copy of a letter from Gen. Mitchell, Agent of Indian Affairs, to the governor of Georgia, dated,

Creek Agency, 8th Jan. 1818.

Sir,—The messenger who was sent below to propose terms of peace to the Seminoles has returned, and the enclosed is the substance of his report, which I received by express.

The friendly chiefs and warriors are to meet me at this place on the 11th inst. and I have great hopes that our differences with the Seminoles can, with their assistance, be adjusted.

I understand that much apprehension prevails about the safety with which travellers can pass through the nation. It is my opinion that there is not the least danger in travelling the road from Fort Hawkins to the Alabama, by this place and fort Mitchell; but, I would not advise travellers to use the road from Fort Perry to Fort Gaines: or indeed any road as low down as Fort Gaines for the present.

D. B. MITCHELL, Agent I. A.

His Ex. Wm. Rabun, Governor, &c.

Talk of Tustennugee Hopoie, and Hopoie Haijo, to the Agent of Indian Affairs for the Creek Nation.

Fort Mitchell, Dec. 30, 1817.

My Friend—The messenger which was sent to the Mickasukies has returned with an answer to our talk. The Mickasukies say it was not them that began the war.—They were sitting down in peace, and the white people came on them in the night and fired on them. The Mickasukies are all sitting down in their town and doing no mischief, and waiting to see if the white people will make peace with them. The people that shot at the boat and killed all the white people were the old Red Sticks from the Upper towns, them that turned hostile last war. The man that was sent to the Mickasukies (Hopoie Haijo) with a peace talk, met the Mickasukies at the half way ground coming with a peace talk to us. Mr Hamby and Mr. Doyle were taken prisoners. Hopoie Haijo saw them.—Tustennugee Chapco has gone to relieve them, and carry them to the fort at Saint Marks.

I have sent you this little talk now: our meeting that you appointed will soon be, and then every thing will be made straight. We hear that the army has crossed at Hartford. The Cheehaws have received two letters from the army, and they had no body to read them, and they don't know the contents; and wish the army could be stopped until our meeting is over.

(Signed) Tustennugee Hopoie.
(Sigend) Hopoie Haijo.

It is stated in the Baltimore Federal Gazette, that the Patriot brig Morgiana, with Colonel Irvin and all his officers on board, sailed from Amelia Island, on the 11th ult. destination unknown; leaving on the island Commodore Aury, preparing to sail with the remaining vessels.

DEAF AND DUMB.

It appears by the report of the Secretary of State, founded on the returns from the selectmen of the several towns, of the number and situation of the deaf and dumb in the state of Massachusetts, that the whole number is 254, of whom 139 are males and 115 females—150 are under 21 years of age—20 are over 50 years old, and 8 are over 70—35 have estates sufficient, or have near friends who are able to afford them a comfortable subsistence—219 are poor, or the children of poor parents.

Bust of President Adams.—A Resolution is now before the Legislature of Massachusetts, requesting the Hon. John Adams, late President of the United States, to consent that a model of his bust be taken for the purpose of being sculptured in marble, and placed in one of the Publick Halls of the State House. The bust is to be formed of American marble, if any can be found of suitable quality.

INTERESTING.

We learn from a respectable source, that there is no immediate prospect of the United States getting possession of Florida. Spain is so unreasonable in her demands, as to preclude the hope of making an equitable arrangement with her. She professes a willingness to sell Florida, but on conditions, to which this country can never assent. Besides exacting six millions of dollars (out of which she promises to pay for commercial spoilations) she requires as a *sine qua non*, that the Mississippi (mark this!) shall be under the boundary of her Mexican dominions. These terms we understand, were promptly rejected by our government. It is understood, however, that about half the above sum was offered, together with a relinquishment of our right to the disputed territory lying beyond the river Sabine the present boundary of the state of Louisiana This proposition was not acceded to by the Spanish Minister who has published a pamphlet, said to be ably written, for the purpose of shewing that his government is right in advancing such pretensions, & that ours is wrong in rejecting them. Thus the matter rests at present. Spain is no doubt induced to persist in these arrogant demands, from a belief that she will not stand alone, in the event of a rupture. Indeed, her master has intimated in the late unpublished correspondence on this subject, if we are correctly informed, that his government has nothing to fear from a war with the United States, as it will not have to contend with us single-handed; and his threat is strongly corroborated by the fact, that Great Britain and France have offered their mediation in the pending controversy between us—but it is not true, that the former power has so far interfered, as to protest against the cession of Florida to this country.—*Milledgeville Journal.*

From the National Advocate, Jan. 27.

Infernal Conspiracy.—A concurrence of circumstances has led to the discovery of an infernal conspiracy in this city, which has been marked by no ordinary features of atrocity. An Italian servant, in the employ of a respectable family, was dismissed by the master of the house on Thursday last, for drunkenness. To revenge himself, he meditated, in company with one of his countrymen, and the black female cook in the same family, to carry their diabolical plot into effect. It appears, the Italian, after being dismissed, returned, with his companion, to the house the same evening, and while in the kitchen with the cook in conference, was overheard by the chambermaid, in explanation of their plans. On alarm being given, and proper search made, the two Italians were discovered and secured.

The cook confessed that their plan was to take advantage of the absence of the master of the house, who was about leaving town; and in the evening, by a given signal, were to be let into the house by her. Their design was to violate the females of the family, consisting of two ladies and two servant girls, and to murder them; after which, they intended to rob the house, set fire to it, and escape. The cook also confessed she was to receive $130 after the plate had been sold, and corroborated that part of the conspiracy which had been overheard by the maid. The parties have been apprehended by Robert Phillips and Azel Conklin, constables of the 7th ward, secured in Bridewell, and will shortly be put on their trial. The discovery of this infernal design has prevented a terrible event and will serve to operate as a caution to families in hiring foreign servants. These particulars have been related to us by the gentleman of the house.

IT IS SAID.

How we came possessed of what follows is of no importance to be known.

It is said, That the house of representatives of the United States is about to send a challenge to John Anderson, to demand satisfaction for an insult offered to one of its members.

It is said, That it is yet unknown who *pocketed* the five-hundred-dollar insult which was offered to Mr. Williams.

It is said, That every man may be bought if you will give him his price. As the truth of this maxim has never been denied—

It is said, That John Anderson has not been accustomed to dealing in that commodity, and does not know the market price, or he would have "put more money" in the letter.

It is said, That Mr. Williams's refusal of a paltry five hundred dollars will cost the United States five hundred times as much. What a pity!

New-England Galaxy.

Just Received at the New Wholesale Store,

1 case 1-4 Cambric Muslins
1 ditto fine Cotton Shirtings,
4 small trusses Rose Blankets,

Which are offered for Sale low, on accomodating terms, by

M. S. MASON,
Corner of Market and Water streets.
Pittsburgh, February 6.——3

Cash for WHEAT.

GEORGE EVANS & Co. having made a conditional contract for all the flour they can procure wheat to make by the first of March; offer Eighty one cents per bushel until that time, unless one weeks notice be given to the contrary.—On credit the price will be greater.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill, February 6

At 28 Dollars Each,

TILL TUESDAY NEXT,

When Tickets in the Grand State Lottery will be advanced to

THIRTY DOLLARS.

$50,000	**Highest Prizes,**
20,000	AND
10,000	100 Prizes of $1000 each is
5,000	100,000
5,000	
5,000	

All floating in the wheel—Only 15,000 Tickets—not two blanks to a prize

To commence drawing on the second day of next month—and the handsome prize of 5000 Dollars will be awarded to the first drawn number.

Tickets and Shares for Sale at

TOWNE'S

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

Corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

Orders for Tickets in the Medical College Lottery—Present price of Tickets 10 Dollars, Shares in proportion.

February 6. 1awtf

Franklin Head Book-store.

Cramer & Spear

PRINTERS AND BOOK-SELLERS,

Have removed their Book-store from Market street to Wood, between Third and Fourth sts.

Pittsburgh, February 6——eow3m

GEO. BOGGS, & Co.

Have For Sale a quantity of

PRIME GREEN COFFEE,

AND

Muscovado Sugar,

BY THE BARREL.

Mill and Cross cut Saws,
Anvils and Vices,
Genuine Crowley Steel,
English Blister ditto
Country ditto ditto
Sheet Iron,
Iron for Bellows pipes,
Spades and Shovels,
Tin by the box,
Weavers Reeds,
Cane for Reed makers,
With a general assortment of

Queens-ware, & Dry Goods

Calculated for the season.

To Rent, in Fourth street, two OFFICES suitable for lawyers or doctors—and a Store Room shelved complete.

Pittsburgh, February 6——3

Books at Auction.

On SATURDAY Evening, February 7th

Will be sold at the Auction room, a valuable assortment of Books of every department of literature. Catalogues of which may be had at the Auction room on Saturday morning.

D. S. SCULLY, Auctioneer.

Pittsburgh, February 6.

200 Bush. Merchantable Barley wanted immediately.

Apply to D. S. SCULLY,
Corner of Front and Market street.

200 Barrels of Whiskey

Will be contracted for.

Apply as above.

Pittsburgh, February 6.——2

A Supplement to an Ordinance, entitled "An Ordinance for the organization of the city of Pittsburgh.

Section 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That from and after the first day of May next, the Mayor's court of the city of Pittsburgh, shall be held at the Court-house in the said city on the fourth Monday in July—on the fourth Monday in October—on the fourth Monday of January—and on the fourth Monday of April in every year, and each of its sessions may be continued from day to day, or by adjournment, to such time as the court may in its discretion appoint. And the court may allow to such of the constables as they order to attend during the session, the compensation fixed by law for constables attending the court of Quarter sessions.

Sec. 2. *And be it ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the eighth section of the Ordinance to which this is a supplement, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Council, the 30th day of January A. D 1818

WILLIAM WILKINS,
President Com. Coun.

Attest S. Engles, Clk. Com. Coun.

GEORGE STEVENSON.
President Select Coun.

Attest James M. Riddle, Clk Select Coun.

WM. EICHBAUM, JR.

(Second, between Market & Wood sts.)

HAS JUST RECEIVED AN ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF

BOOKS,

Among which are the following,

FRANCE, by Lady Morgan—Federalist, by Hamilton—Jay and Madison, handsome edition—Adelaide, a novel by a lady of Philadelphia—Gentlemen's pocket Almanack's for 1818—Tales of my Landlord—Burn's Poems—Hutton's Mathematicks—Johnston and Walker's Dictionary, large and small—Thomas's Practice—Family and Pocket Bible—Surveyors cases of instruments—Intsructions for the Flute and Violin, besides a variety of

SCHOOL BOOKS,

in English, Latin, Greek, French and German,

::::::ALSO::::::

Stationary Articles.

W. E. continues to manufacture

BLANK BOOKS.

of every description, to any pattern, and of the best materials.

Orders for any thing in his line promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, January 13, 1818.——1atf

CHAIR AND CABIN Warehouse.

Fourth street, above Wood.—S street, near Smithfiel

PITTSBURGH.

Joseph Rosema

Fancy Chair-maker, Ornamenter

&c. AND

ROSEMAN & WRIGHT,

Cabinet Makers.

All articles in their line will be furnished at a short notice, and of such workmanship as shall warrant a continuance of custom.

Draughts of new and Fashionable Furniture will be furnished to those wishing such articles.

References to Messrs. Cromwell & Dobbin—Richard Bowen & Co.—Wm Robinson, Jr.—C. Latshaw—Allen & Grant—Anshutz, Rham & Co. Commission merchants, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

January 16, 1818——1awt

I. DOANE,

ON THE BANK,

OFFERS FOR SALE

6000 lbs. Coffee, 1 & 2 quality,

20 barrels Muscovado Sugar,

Together with a general assortment of

Groceries & Liquors,

—LIKEWISE—

Shad and Herring in barrels,
Scotch Herrings in boxes, smoaked,
Tanner's Oil,
A large assortment of

Ironmongery, Hardware, and CUTLERY,

Among which are *SAWS* of every description, *VICES & ANVILS—STEEL* of every kind—*COAL SHOVELS* No. 4, *SHOVELS* and *SPADES* &c.

Pittsburgh, January 30, 1818——tf

Notice.

THE Citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed, that the Methodist new meeting House will be opened for Divine Worship next Lords day, at half past ten o'clock, A. M. and at three o'clock, P. M.—When collections will be made to assist the Society in diminishing the debt incurred in erecting said house.

Removal.

THE subscriber informs the public generally, that he has removed from the city of Pittsburgh to Washington county, near Canonsburgh, where he is ready to furnish all kinds of MACHINERY, employed in Woolen and Cotton Factories; such as *Wool machines, Billys, Jennys, Throssels, Roving and Drawing.* From the advantage of having water power to drive his machinery employed in the making of these articles, he will be able to furnish customers on lower terms than heretofore. Apply for machinery to Messrs. M'Clurgs & M'Knight, at their Foundery, in Pittsburgh, where machinery will be delivered; or to the subscriber near Cannonsburgh.

JAMES CUMMINGS,

February 3d, 1818——1AcFM'B

S. & J Thompson
MERCHANT TAYLORS,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large assortment of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES of every description—and being bought on the best terms they will be enabled to sell very low.

They have also the newest fashions, and wil continue to supply customers at a short notice with all articles in their line.

Pittsb. Aug. 8, 1817.

N. B. They always keep a large assortment of MADE UP CLOATING at their establisment

To Iron Masters.
THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS FOR SALE A VERY VALUABLE

TRACT OF LAND

Situate in the County of Fairfield, and state of Ohio, on which are abundant beds of, IRON ORE considered by the best of Judges as rich as any in the United States, and an elegant

Seat for a Furnace,

on a stream sufficient to blow a furnace at all seasons. There are also on the tract, Quarries of

Beautiful Marble,

and the whole adjoining country abounds with Timber, Stone Coal, Free Stone, & Lime Stone,

This situation is about four miles from the Falls of Hockhocking, which is navigable from thence to the Ohio river. Any further description is deemed unnecessary.

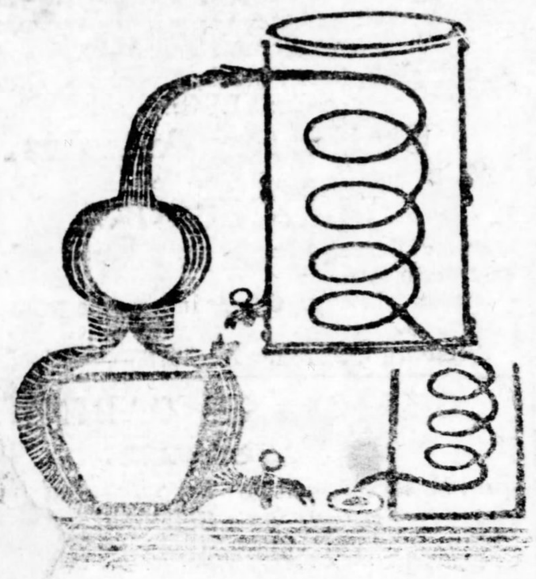
The subscriber invites any person who is disposed to vest his funds in the most lucrative Iron business, to call and judge for himself. If not sold by the first of April next, the subscriber will be willing to take a Partner for the purpose of improving the above advantages, which are too great to be neglected in a country where Iron-works are so much wanted.

Apply to the subscriber, near Somerset, Fairfield county, Ohio.

John Jonas.

December 23.—— 6

Copper and Tin Warehouse



WILLIAM KEPNER,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FRONT STREETS, PITTSBURGH.

Has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

STILLS;
TIN WARE;

Fullers Kettles, } Wash Kettles,
Hatters do. } Brass do.

Japanned Ware.

which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms for Cash, or approved paper.

☞ Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1817. tfT.

ORMSBY & DOANE.

HAVE FORSALE,

150 bbls. Rectified Lake Salt

Aquantity of Soal and Upper Leather
Saddlers Leather
New-Orleans Sugar
Whiskey
Mess Pork in half barrels
Bacon Hams just smoked
Venison Hams
Tobacco
Iron and Castings
Cut Tacks, Sprigs and Screws, very low &c.

Pittsburgh, October 13, 1817

WALTER FORTUNE,
Back and White-smith, and saddle-tree Manufacturer,

late from Philadelphia,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above business in all its various branches, in Fourth, near Wood street a few doors above the sign of the green tree.

He also carries on

HORSE SHOEING.

He manufactures AXES—MATTOCKS—HOES, and HINGES of every description; which shall be neatly executed All of the foregoing articles he will sell low for cash, or on a liberal credit, by giving negotiable paper.

Orders from any part of the country will be thankfully received and attended to with punctuality and despatch.

Four Apprentices are wanting at the above business.

Pittsburg December 12, 1817. ——tf

128 Bags Green Coffee,

87 boxes Brimstone,
10bbls. superfine Salt-petre,
17 kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
100 boxes Segars ditto
44 bags black Pepper,
17 bbls. prime Pork,
500 bbls. SALT,
Single, double and treble Sheet-Iron,
Blister & best English Crowley Steel,
Shovels and Spades,
Frying Pans, etc. etc.

AN INVOICE OF

WIRE, DRAFT CHAINS, FILES etc.

For Sale by

ALLEN & GRANT

Pittsburgh, December 2, 1817.

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED

J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, March 2——tf

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

MARKET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STREETS,

INFORM their customers and others, that they have just received, for this season,

a very large assortment of every description of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,
Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton, and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

AND A SUPPLEMENT TO THEIR USUAL ASSORTMENT OF

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French Crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbons of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes
Millinet, wires and trimming
Baudannas, flag and fringed hkfs.
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and Shirting
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace viels and shawls.
Merino, velvet, and lace redicule
Snspenders, webbing and binding
Pins, Bell, and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and Pocket books.
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and women's Saddles
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs.
Best Spanish Cigars

The above goods have been purchased in such a way as may be sold by the piece as low as any where else for cash or approved notes.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 21, 1817 tf

To Lease,

THREE *HOUSES* on Liberty street, with three good rooms in each—Also a Blacksmith SHOP, with five fires.—And one hundred feet of Ground, on perpetual lease, fronting on Marborough street.

JAMES R. BUTLER

Pittsburgh, January 27, 1818. 8t

Potters.

WANTED, to go to Mount Pleasant Furnace a few good *POTTERS*, who will engage for the blast, to commence on the first of March next.—Apply to

M'CLURGS & M'KNIGHT.

Pittsburgh, January 27, 1818——3

New Wholesale Store.

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA,

M. S. MASON,

Has taken the Store, corner of Market and Water streets, and has just received part of his supply of

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SUPERFINE, MIDDLING, AND COARSE CLOTHS,

Woolen Cords, and Cassimeres,
Velveteens and Cords,
Men's and boy's plain and rib'd worsted Hose,
Women's black worsted . . . . . ditto,
Children's Lambs-wool Socks,
Men's white and Marble cotton Hose,
Women's and Girl's white and lead ditto,
Men's marble half Hose, &c. &c.

Which he will dispose of by the PIECE *or* PACKAGE *on reasonable terms, for*

CASH, OR APPROVED ACCEPTANCES,

M. S. M. Begs the attention of Town and Country dealers, as his Goods are principally of his n importing, and can sell them *at prices*, that will ensure him future orders.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1818.

Grand State Lottery.

For the Improvement of Internal Navigation,

FIFTH CLASS

SOLOMON ALLEN, MANAGER.

100 Prizes of $1000 equal to $100,000,

ALL FLOATING IN THE WHEEL.

1 3-4 Blanks to a Prize.....30 days drawing only.

SCHEME.

100	Prizes $1000	$100000
1	50000	50000
1	20000	20000
1	10000	10000
3	5000	15000
30	500	15000
100	100	10000
5000	25	125000
5236	Prizes.	$345000
9764	Blanks.	
15000	Tickets.	

First drawn FOUR THOUSAND BLANKS will be entitled to 25 Dollars each.

First drawn first day . . .	$5000	First drawn fifteenth day .	$10,000
First drawn fifth day . . .	5000	First drawn twentieth day .	20,000
First drawn tenth day . .	5000	First drawn twenty-fifth day .	50,000

Will commence drawing in March, 1818.

All Prizes payable in GOLD, sixty days after the completion of the drawing at the

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whole tickets, - - -	$25 00	Quarters, - - - - - - - -	$6 25
Halves, - - - - -	12 50	Eighths, - - - - - - - -	3 12

FOR SALE AT

ALLENS'

Truly Lucky Lottery Offices, No. 1, Diamond Row,

PITTSBURGH

No. 122, Broadway, New-York,
No. 151, Market street, Baltimore,
No. 2, Sonth Third street, Philadelphia
No. 449, S. Market street, Albany.

One great advantage possessed by this brilliant Scheme over others, is, that for one third of the drawing tickets may be held without any chance of loseing, as the first 4000 blanks will be entitled to 25 Dollars each and all the Prizes of 1000 Dollars and 500 are floating in the wheel. It will be observed that the tickets are only 25 DOLLARS each, one half the price, of those in the BALTIMORE SURGICAL LOTTERY, and instead of giving the $100,000 to one adventurer, it is divided into ONE HUNDRED prizes of $1000 each.

Prizes in the fourth class, & in the Baltimore New-York & Lotteries received in payment for tickets

A FRESH SUPPLY OF HAMILTON'S
SUPERIOR SPANISH SEGARS,
AND
Best Maccouba, Rappee and Scotch
SNUFFS,
Just received and for sale by the subscriber.

Persons desirous of obtaining the above articles, genuine, will please apply to

JOHN G. O'BRIEN,

Wood, between Front and Second streets

Agent for Gavin Hamilton of Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh, January 6, 1818.——eow3

WILLIAM CHESNUT & CO.

CORNER OF MARKET AND THIRD STREETS,

Have just received and offer for sale on the lowest terms,

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS PRIME GREEN COFFEE,
100 small boxes Young Hyson TEA,
20 ditto Imperial Ditto,
20 barrels Muscovado Sugar,
10 ditto 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
10 ditto ditto French Brandy,
10 quarter casks Teneriffe Wine,
100 boxes Tin Plate,
1 case Bengal Indigo,
10 bales Corks,

—HAVE ALSO ON HANDS—

PEPPER,	ALLSPICE,	MUSTARD
Ginger,	Brimstone,	Copperas,
Cinnamon,	Cloves,	Madder,
Logwood,	Chocolate,	

Pig & Bar Lead, etc. etc.

They are constantly supplied with a large and general assortment of

GROCEIES & LIQUORS.

Pittsburgh, January 13, 1818.—— 1atf

WHEAT

Purchased at the Pittsburgh Steam-Mill.

Jan. 9

To Let,

A Brick dwelling, in Third-st. Enquire of

C. Latshaw.

January 9.